

# Cambridge Lower Secondary Progression Test

## Science paper 1

### Stage 7



45 minutes

| Name | <br> | <br> | <br> |  |
|------|------|------|------|--|
|      |      |      |      |  |

Additional materials: Ruler

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided on the question paper.

You should show all your working on the question paper.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

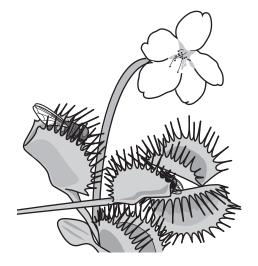
The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

| For Teacher's Use |      |  |  |
|-------------------|------|--|--|
| Page              | Mark |  |  |
| 1                 |      |  |  |
| 2                 |      |  |  |
| 3                 |      |  |  |
| 4                 |      |  |  |
| 5                 |      |  |  |
| 6                 |      |  |  |
| 7                 |      |  |  |
| 8                 |      |  |  |
| 9                 |      |  |  |
| 10                |      |  |  |
| 11                |      |  |  |
| 12                |      |  |  |
| 13                |      |  |  |
| 14                |      |  |  |
| 15                |      |  |  |
| 16                |      |  |  |
| Total             |      |  |  |

[2]

1 The diagram shows a plant called the Venus flytrap.

Part of the plant traps insects when they walk on it.



(a) Which part of the Venus flytrap is adapted to trap insects?Circle the correct answer.

| flower | fruit | leaf | root |     |
|--------|-------|------|------|-----|
|        |       |      |      | [1] |

**(b)** The Venus flytrap grows in soil that lacks nutrients.

A trapped insect dies and breaks down.

The Venus flytrap absorbs the nutrients from the body of the insect.

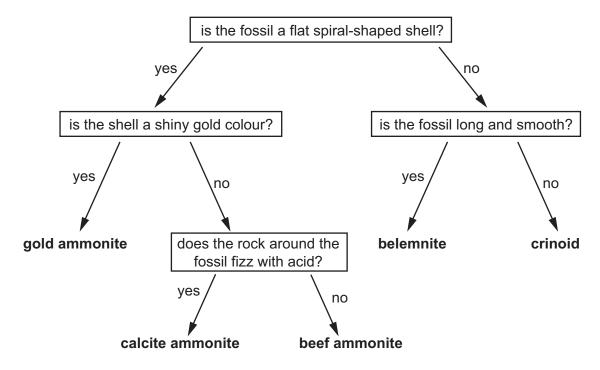
(i) Which part of a plant **normally** takes in nutrients?Circle the correct answer.

|      |                           | flower        | fruit        | root        | stem | [1]  |
|------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|------|------|
| (ii) | Why do plants n           | eed a good    | supply of nu | utrients?   |      |      |
|      |                           |               |              |             |      | .[1] |
| Des  | scribe <b>two</b> functio | ns of the ste | em of a Venu | us flytrap. |      |      |
| 1    |                           |               |              |             |      |      |
| 2    |                           |               |              |             |      |      |

© UCLES 2018 S/S7/01

(c)

He finds five fossils and uses this key to identify them.



Use the key to answer these questions.

| (a) | Which fossil is gold in colour?                  | . [1] |
|-----|--|-------|
| (b) | Which fossil is long and smooth?                 | . [1] |
| (c) | Describe the calcite ammonite that Oliver finds. |       |
|     |  |       |

3 This question is about famous space scientists.

Complete the sentences.

Choose words from

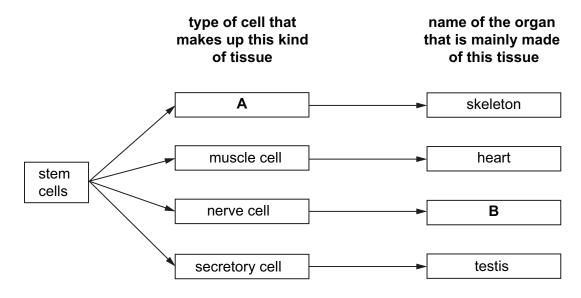
Curie Earth Galileo Lister Mars Mercury Moon **Pasteur** Sun **Uranus Venus** Our understanding of the universe has changed over many years. Famous **space** scientists include Ptolemy, Copernicus and ...... Copernicus thought that the ...... was at the centre of the universe. Copernicus did not include the distant planets in his model. As telescopes improved, more distant planets were discovered. One of the most distant planets is ...... [3] For Teacher's Use

4 This question is about cells, tissues and organs.

Stem cells are able to turn into many other types of cell that form different tissues.

Different tissues are then used to build organs.

This is shown in the diagram.



(a) Name cell A.

Choose from the list.

blood cell

bone cell

liver cell

sperm cell

\_\_\_\_\_[1]

**(b)** Name organ **B**.

Choose from the list

kidney

salivary gland

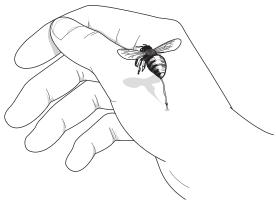
skull

spinal cord

\_\_\_\_\_[

5 Safia is stung by a bee.



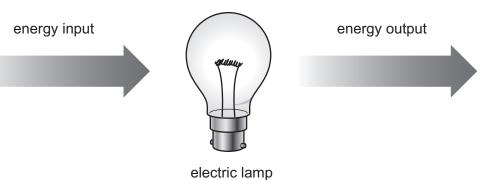


| (a) | Bee  | e stings are acidic.  |
|-----|------|---|
|     | Cala | amine lotion will neutralise a bee sting.                     |
|     | (i)  | Suggest the pH value of a <b>bee sting</b> .                  |
|     |      | [1]   |
|     | (ii) | Suggest the pH value of calamine lotion.                      |
|     |      | [1]   |
| (b) | Acid | ds and alkalis can be identified using indicators.            |
|     | Pla  | n how you can use an indicator to identify acids and alkalis. |
|     | Incl | ude   |
|     | •    | the name of the indicator                                     |
|     | •    | the result with acid  |
|     | •    | the result with alkali.                                       |
|     |      |   |
|     |      |   |
|     |      |   |
|     |      | [3]   |

For

Teacher's Use

6 Look at the energy transfer diagram.



(a) What is the energy input?

Circle the correct answer.

electrical kinetic light magnetic sound [1]

(b) What are two of the energy outputs?

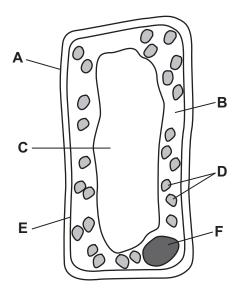
Circle the two correct answers.

chemical electrical kinetic light thermal [2]

(c) Complete the sentence.

Energy cannot be created or ...... [1]

(a) The diagram shows a plant cell.



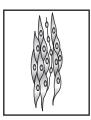
Which letter shows the cell membrane?

[1]

(b) Draw a line from the **cell** diagram to the correct **function**.

The cells are not all drawn to the same scale.

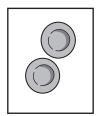
cell



function

contract to cause movement

fertilises an egg cell



takes up water and minerals from soil

transports oxygen in blood

transports water and minerals to leaves

[3]

8 The table shows some information about solids, liquids and gases.

For Teacher's Use

Complete the table.

| state  | distance between particles | movement of particles          | forces between particles | shape              |
|--------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| solid  | close together             |                                |                          | fixed shape        |
| liquid | close together             | move slowly in all directions  |                          | shape of container |
| gas    |                            | move quickly in all directions | very weak                |                    |

[5]

**9** Pierre investigates the time it takes for parachutes of different sizes to fall to the ground.

| For       |
|-----------|
| Teacher's |
| Use       |



ground

He records his results in a table.

|  | time for | parachute t<br>in sec | to fall to the<br>conds | e ground          |
|--|----------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| area of<br>parachute<br>in cm <sup>2</sup> | test 1   | test 2                | test 3                  | average<br>(mean) |
| 50   | 1.7      | 1.5                   | 2.8                     | ?                 |
| 113  | 3.0      | 3.6                   | 3.3                     | 3.3               |
| 201  | 6.2      | 6.3                   | 6.7                     | 6.4               |
| 314  | 9.5      | 9.9                   | 10.0                    | 9.8               |

| (a) | There is <b>one</b> anomalous result in the table.      |     |
|-----|---|-----|
|     | Circle the anomalous result.                            | [1] |
| (b) | Calculate the missing average (mean) time in the table. |     |
|     | average (mean) time = seconds                           | [1] |
| (c) | Describe the pattern in Pierre's results.               |     |
|     |   |     |
|     |   |     |
|     |   |     |
|     | Use your scientific knowledge to explain the pattern.   |     |
|     |   |     |
|     |   | [3] |

10 This question is about muscles.

For Teacher's Use

Choose words from the list.

You may use each word once, more than once or not at all.

|                 | antagonistic   | breaks       | contracts  | involuntary |     |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|-----|
|                 | relaxe         | s stretc     | ches volun | tary        |     |
| When the arm    | bends upwards, | the biceps n | nuscle     |             |     |
| and the triceps | s muscle       |              |            |             |     |
| The biceps an   | d triceps are  |              |            | muscles.    | [3] |

11 Yuri investigates some different soils.

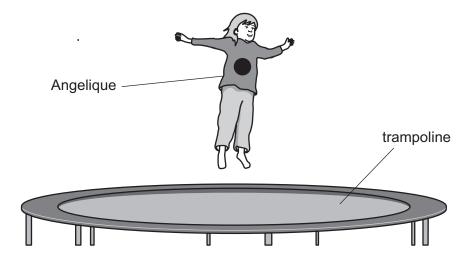
He writes a description of each of the soils.

For Teacher's Use

| soil | description of soil  |
|------|--|
| Α    | dry and gritty to touch, with large soil grains                                  |
| В    | small soil grains smooth to the touch  |
| С    | black soil with a pH of 4.5 containing small pieces of decaying vegetation       |
| D    | sticky damp soil with very small soil grains                                     |
| E    | black soil with a pH of 7.0 containing small pieces of decaying vegetation       |
| F    | light brown soil with a pH of 9.0 containing small pieces of decaying vegetation |

**12** Angelique jumps up and down on a trampoline.





| (a) | (i) | Write down the name of the force that pulls Angelique towards the trampoline. |
|-----|-----|---|
|     |     |   |

(ii) Draw a line with an arrow (→) to show the direction of this force.Start the line on the large dot on Angelique.

[1]

(b) Angelique lands on the trampoline.

She bends her knees and pushes hard against the trampoline.

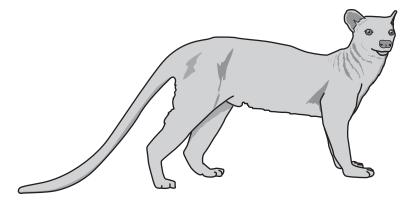
Complete the sentence.

Choose the best word from the list.

|           | force       | friction | mass | weight                   |
|-----------|-------------|----------|------|--------------------------|
| Angelique | exerts more |          |      | so she jumps higher. [1] |

13 The fossa is an endangered species of mammal.



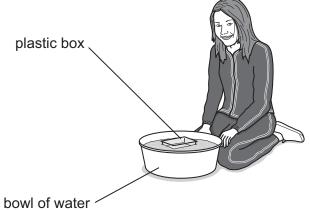


| (a) | Explain the meaning of the term <b>species</b> .       |
|-----|--|
|     |  |
|     | [2]  |
| (b) | The fossa lives on an island.                          |
|     | It is a predator.                                      |
|     | Dogs were brought to the island.                       |
|     | The number of fossas on the island decreased.          |
|     | Suggest one reason why the number of fossas decreased. |
|     |  |
|     | [1]  |

**14** Blessy investigates floating objects.

For Teacher's Use

| She uses a smal | l plastic | box in a | a bowl | of water. |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|--------|-----------|
|                 |           |          |        |           |



She puts weights into the box.

She measures the depth of the box below the water.

| (a) | Blessy needs to measure the <b>weights</b> in the box. |
|-----|--|
|     | What piece of equipment should she use?                |

| Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct box. |  |
|--|--|
| ammeter                                |  |
| clock                                  |  |
| measuring cylinder                     |  |
| ruler                                  |  |
| spring balance                         |  |

(b) Blessy needs to measure the **depth** of the box below the water.

What piece of equipment should she use?

Tick (✓) the correct box

| ( ) 1110 0011001 0011. |  |
|------------------------|--|
| ammeter                |  |
| clock                  |  |
| measuring cylinder     |  |
| ruler                  |  |
| spring balance         |  |

© UCLES 2018 S/S7/01

[1]

[1]

### **BLANK PAGE**

Copyright © UCLES, 2018

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group.

Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University